

Changes to the 2008 Regulations and Regular Season Rules For Baseball Divisions of Little League®

GENERAL INFORMATION

PROOF-OF-AGE REQUIREMENTS

NOT ACCEPTABLE AS SOLE PROOF OF BIRTH: Baptismal Certificate; Certificate of Blessing; Certificate of Dedication; Certificate of Circumcision, etc.; Hospital Certificate; photocopied records; **passports.**

Regulation I – THE LEAGUE –

(a) 3. The Tee Ball division is an extension of the local league to accommodate participants league ages 5-8 and may utilize the batting tee or the pitched ball (by a coach). The league may opt to deliver a designated number of pitches to all batters and then utilize the tee if necessary.

- b. Officers shall be elected by the Board (i.e., president, one or more vice presidents, secretary, ... A president may manage, coach or umpire provided he/she does not serve on the Protest Committee nor serve as tournament team manager or coach.

The president will not serve in the capacity of District Administrator.

President, with approval of the Board of Directors, shall appoint managers, coaches and umpires annually. Manager/coach representation on the Board shall not exceed a minority. NOTE: All members of the local league Board of Directors, as well as managers and coaches, whose activities in another youth baseball/softball program are deemed detrimental to the operation of the local league, can be removed by a majority vote of the Board of Directors.

Additionally, the local league's Board of Directors has the right to NOT approve that individual as a tournament team manager.

- c. Each league shall:

1. prepare, adopt...
2. be considered...
3. apply for and, if ...
4. have separate boundaries as provided for in Regulation II. **(Delete the remainder of paragraph 4.)**

9. Conduct an annual background check on all personnel that are required to complete a "Little League Volunteer Application" prior to the applicant assuming his/her duties for the current season. No local league shall permit any person to participate in any manner, whose background check reveals a conviction or guilty plea for any crime involving or against a minor. A local league may prohibit any individual from participating as a volunteer or hired worker, if the league deems the individual unfit to work with minors.

A local league must conduct a nationwide search that contains the applicable government sex offender registry data.

NOTE 1: Each year, Little League International provides 80 free background checks that exceed the minimum standard required in this regulation. Information on how to utilize this benefit, as well as how to conduct background checks, can be found on the Little League website at:

<http://www.LittleLeague.org/common/childprotect/states.asp>

NOTE 2: The United States Department of Justice National Sex Offender Public Registry is free and available at www.nsopr.gov. [I.c.9. also is added to the Junior/Senior/Big League Regulations.]

- f. Mergers where there is sufficient enrollment to maintain separate charters, shall require the recommendation of the District Administrator to Little League International and be subject to final approval by the Charter Committee. (Removed the reference to the 20,000 population limit.)

Regulation II – LEAGUE BOUNDARIES –

- (g) Each local Little League’s boundary is “frozen” at the status as of April 23, 2007. “Frozen” means, each league will continue to operate under that boundary. The league shall limit its boundary to and draw its players from an area approved by the District Administrator and Regional Director. Boundary maps for leagues (and any changes made after April 23, 2007 to the approved map on file at the Regional Office) must be signed and dated by the League President and District Administrator with a copy to be sent to the Regional Office. The approved map on file at the Regional Office is the “official” map, provided it does not encroach on any other chartered Little League’s boundary. The Charter Committee reserves the right to grant waivers and adjust boundaries where needed. All requests for mergers and to expand league boundaries by adding additional territory must be provided to the Charter Committee through the District Administrator and Regional Director. The decision of the Charter Committee on these requests is final and binding.

NOTE 1: Each league will be required to have a current boundary map, approved by the District Administrator, in the regional office files. This will be required for tournament privileges for the current season.

NOTE 2: All leagues currently operating under a divisional format must continue to operate under this method. *Exceptions to the divisional format can only be granted by the Charter Committee in Williamsport.*

NOTE 3: Any request for newly chartered leagues will be reviewed by the Charter Committee under this regulation before a charter is granted. The decision of the Charter Committee is final and binding.

- (h) Deleted in its entirety.

Regulation IV – THE PLAYERS –

- (g) Player roster forms supplied by Little League Headquarters must be completed and filed no later than **June 7, 2008**. Players claimed under...
- (h) If a person had previously resided within the league boundaries for two **or more** years while serving that league as a dedicated manager, coach or member of the

Local League Board of Directors for two **or more** years, his or her sons and/or daughters are eligible to try out and be selected by teams in that league (1) provided such service to the league from which the person has moved has continued, (2) subject to written agreement from the league within whose boundaries they currently reside and (3) **and approved by the District Administrator.**

Regulation V – SELECTION OF PLAYERS –

1. **The selection of players for the various teams within a league shall be in compliance with the Little League Draft Selection System as detailed in the Operating Manual. NOTE: All candidates who are league age twelve (12) must be drafted to a Little League Major Division team, or to a Junior League team. Exceptions can only be made with written approval from the District Administrator, and only if approved at the local league level by the Board of Directors and the parent of the candidate.**

Regulation VI – PITCHERS –

- (a) Any player on a regular season team may pitch. (NOTE: There is no limit to the number of pitchers a team may use in a game.)
- (b) **Players once removed from the mound may not return as pitchers; Junior, Senior, and Big League Divisions** only: A pitcher remaining in the game, but moving to a different position, can return as a pitcher anytime in the remainder of the game, but only once per game.
- (c) The manager must remove the pitcher when said pitcher reaches the limit for his/her age group as noted below, but the pitcher may remain in the game at another position:

League Age	17-18	105 pitches per day
	13-16	95 pitches per day
	11-12	85 pitches per day
	9-10	75 pitches per day
	7-8	50 pitches per day

Exception: If a pitcher reaches the limit imposed in Regulation VI (c) for his/her league age while facing a batter, the pitcher may continue to pitch until any one of the following conditions occurs: 1. That batter reaches base; 2. That batter is put out; **3. The third out is made to complete the half-inning. NOTE: A pitcher who delivers one or more pitches in a game cannot play the position of catcher for the remainder of that day.**

- (d) Pitchers league age 16 and under must adhere to the following rest requirements:
 - If a player pitches 61 or more pitches in a day, three (3) calendar days of rest, **and a game (see e. below)**, must be observed.
 - If a player pitches 41 - 60 pitches in a day, two (2) calendar days of rest, **and a game (see e. below)**, must be observed.
 - If a player pitches 21 - 40 pitches in a day, one (1) calendar days of rest must be observed.
 - If a player pitches 1-20 pitches in a day, no (0) calendar day of rest is required.

Pitchers league age 17-18 must adhere to the following rest requirements:

- If a player pitches 76 or more pitches in a day, three (3) calendar days of rest, **and a game (see e. below)**, must be observed.
 - If a player pitches 51 - 75 pitches in a day, two (2) calendar days of rest, **and a game (see e. below)**, must be observed.
 - If a player pitches 26 - 50 pitches in a day, one (1) calendar days of rest must be observed.
 - If a player pitches 1-25 pitches in a day, no (0) calendar day of rest must is required.
- (e) **A player may not pitch in consecutive games. Exception – League Age 16 and under - A player may pitch in consecutive games if 40 or less pitches were delivered in the previous game. League Age 17-18 - A player may pitch in consecutive games if 50 or less pitches were delivered in the previous game.**
- (f) Each league must designate the scorekeeper or another game official as the official pitch count recorder.
- (g) The pitch count recorder must provide the current pitch count for any pitcher when requested by either manager or any umpire. However, the manager is responsible for knowing when his/her pitcher must be removed.
- (h) The official pitch count recorder should inform the umpire-in-chief when a pitcher has delivered his/her maximum limit of pitches for the game, as noted in Regulation VI (c). The umpire-in-chief will inform the pitcher’s manager that the pitcher must be removed in accordance with Regulation VI (c). However, the failure by the pitch count recorder to notify the umpire-in-chief, and/or the failure of the umpire-in-chief to notify the manager, does not relieve the manager of his/her responsibility to remove a pitcher when that pitcher is no longer eligible.
- (i) Violation of any section of this regulation can result in protest of the game in which it occurs. Protest shall be made in accordance with Playing Rule 4.19.
- (j) A player who has attained the league age of twelve (12) is not eligible to pitch in the Minor League. **(See Regulation V – Selection of Players)**
- (k) A player may not pitch in more than one game in a day. (Exception: In the Big League Division, a player may be used as a pitcher in up to two games in a day.)

NOTES:

1. The withdrawal of an ineligible pitcher after that pitcher is announced, or after a warm-up pitch is delivered, but before that player has pitched a ball to a batter, shall not be considered a violation. Little League officials are urged to take precautions to prevent protests. When a protest situation is imminent, the potential offender should be notified immediately.
2. Pitches delivered in games declared “Regulation Tie Games” or “Suspended Games” shall be charged against pitcher’s eligibility.
3. In suspended games resumed on another day, the pitchers of record at the time the game was halted may continue to pitch to the extent of their eligibility for that day, provided said pitcher has observed the required days of rest.

Example 1: A league age 12 pitcher delivers 70 pitches in a game on Monday when the game is suspended. The game resumes on the following Thursday. The pitcher is not eligible to pitch in the resumption of the game because he/she has not observed the required three days of rest.

Example 2: A league age 12 pitcher delivers 70 pitches in a game on Monday when the game is suspended. The game resumes on Saturday. The pitcher is eligible to pitch up to 85 more pitches in the resumption of the game because he/she has observed the required three days of rest.

Example 3: A league age 12 pitcher delivers 70 pitches in a game on Monday when the game is suspended. The game resumes two weeks later. The pitcher is eligible to pitch up to 85 more pitches in the resumption of the game, provided he/she is eligible based on his/her pitching record during the previous three days.

NOTE: The use of this regulation negates the concept of the “calendar week” with regard to pitching eligibility.

Rule 1.06 – First, second and third bases shall be marked by white canvas or rubber covered bags, securely attached to the ground. The first and third base bags shall be entirely within the infield. The second base bag shall be centered on second base. The base bags shall not be less than fourteen (14) nor more than fifteen (15) inches square and the other edges shall not be more than two and one-fourth (2-1/4) inches thick and filled with a soft material. **Leagues are required to ensure that first, second and third bases will disengage their anchor.**

Rule 1.10 – The bat must be a baseball bat which meets Little League specifications and standards as noted in this rule. It shall be a smooth, rounded stick and made of wood or of material and color tested and proved acceptable to Little League standards. It shall not be more than thirty-three (33) inches (34 inches for **Junior**; 36 inches for **Senior League and Big League**) in length, nor more than two and one-quarter (2 1/4) inches for Little League; (2 3/4 inches for Junior, and 2 3/4 inches for wood and 2 5/8 inches non-wood for Senior and Big League in diameter, and if wood, not less than fifteen-sixteenth (15/16) inches in diameter (7/8 inch for bats less than 30”) at its smallest part. **Wood** bats may be taped or fitted with a sleeve for a distance not exceeding sixteen (16) inches (18 inches for **Junior/Senior/Big League baseball**) from the small end. **A non-wood bat must have a grip of cork, tape or composition material, and must extend a minimum of 10 inches from the small end. Slippery tape or similar material is prohibited. Senior/Big League baseball:** The bat shall not weigh, numerically, more than three ounces less than the length of the bat (e.g., a 33-inch-long bat cannot weigh less than 30 ounces). **All non-wood bats shall meet the BESR performance standard, and such bats shall be labeled with a permanent certification mark. All divisions: White bats are prohibited. An illegal bat must be removed.**

2.00 – DEFINITION OF TERMS –

An **INNING** is that portion...the preceding inning. **(Minor League Only – A five-run limit is to be imposed, which would complete the half inning.)**

Rule 3.03 – 3. pitchers once removed from the mound may not return as pitchers; **Junior/Senior/Big League** – A pitcher remaining in the game, but moving to a different position, can return as a pitcher any time in the remainder of the game, **but only once per game.**

Rule 3.03 – BIG LEAGUE –

(c) A pitcher remaining in the game, but moving to a different position, can return as a pitcher any time in the remainder of the game, **but only once per game.**

Rule 3.17 – Players and substitutes shall sit on their team’s bench or in the dugout unless ... No team shall use electronic equipment, including walkie-talkies, cellular telephones, **etc., for any communication** with on-field personnel including those in the dugout, bullpen or field.

Rule 4.03 (d) – Deleted as obsolete and no longer applicable.

Rule 4.04 – The batting order shall be followed throughout the game unless a player is substituted for another ... However, a player may be entered and/or re-entered defensively in the game anytime provided he/she meets the requirements of mandatory play. **NOTE 1: The continuous batting order is mandatory for all Tee Ball and Minor League Divisions. NOTE 2: For the Tee Ball and Minor League Division (and when the continuous batting order is adopted for other divisions), when a child is injured, becomes ill...**

Rule 4.11 (e) - NOTE: When a TIE game is halted, the pitcher of record may continue pitching in the same game on any subsequent date provided said pitcher has observed the required days of rest **for his/her particular age group.** For scorekeeping purposes, it shall be considered the same game, and all batting, fielding and pitching records will count.

Rule 6.02 – (c) if the batter refuses to take his/her position in the batter’s box during a time at bat, the umpire shall **call a strike on the batter without the need for a pitch to be delivered. The ball is dead, and no runners may advance. After the penalty,** the batter may take a proper position and the regular ball and strike count shall continue, but if the batter does not take the proper position before three strikes are called, that batter shall be declared out.

Rule 7.05 (j) - one base, if a fielder deliberately touches a pitched ball with his/her cap, mask or any part of his/her uniform detached from its proper place on his/her person. The ball is in play, and the award is made based on the position of the runner at the time the ball was touched.

Rule 7.08 – (a) (1) running more than three feet away from **his/her baseline** to avoid being tagged, unless such action is to avoid interference with a fielder fielding a batted ball. **A runner’s baseline is established when the tag attempt occurs, and is a straight line from the runner to the base to which he/she is attempting to reach;** or (2).....

Rule 7.09 (b) and (k) deleted because they are redundant and already in Rule 6.00.

Rule 7.15 –

- (a) A batted ball that hits the white section of the double base shall be declared fair. A batted ball that hits the colored (orange or green) section **without first touching or bounding over the white section** shall be declared foul.
- (b) Whenever a play is being made on the batter-runner, the defense must use the white section of the double first base. **NOTE 1:** A play is being made on the batter-runner when he/she is attempting to reach first base while the defense is attempting to retire him/her **at that base**. Penalty: Batter-runner is out. **NOTE 2:** If there is a play...
- (c) **Whenever a play is being made on the batter-runner**, the batter-runner must use the colored (orange or green) section on his/her first attempt to tag first base. **NOTE:** On extra-base hits or other balls hit to the outfield when there is no chance for a play to be made at the double first base, the **batter**-runner may touch either the white or colored (orange or green) section of the base. Should, however, the batter-runner reach and go beyond first base, he/she **may** only return to the white section of the base. **Penalty: If there is a play on the batter-runner, and the batter-runner touches only the white portion and the defense appeals prior to the batter-runner returning to first base, it is treated the same as missing the base. If properly appealed, the batter-runner is out.**

Rule 8.01 –

- (a) The Windup Position. The pitcher shall stand facing the batter, the pivot foot **in contact with** the pitcher's plate, and the other foot free. From this position any natural movement...
- (b) The Set Position. Set Position shall be indicated by the pitcher when the pitcher stands facing the batter **with the pivot foot in contact with**, and the other foot in front of the pitcher's plate, holding the ball in both hands in front of the body **and coming to a complete stop**.

Rule 8.02 (a) (1) – bring the pitching hand in contact with the mouth or lips while in the 10-foot circle (18-foot circle in **Junior/Senior/Big League Baseball**) surrounding the pitcher's plate. **EXCEPTION:** Provided it is agreed to by both managers, the umpire, prior to the start of a game played in cold weather, may permit the pitcher to blow on his/her hands while in the 10/18-foot circle.